Audited Financial Statements Momentum Academy Waterford, Michigan June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Momentum Academy

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Momentum Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Momentum Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Momentum Academy, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Momentum Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As described in Note 10 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Academy adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Momentum Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Momentum Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Momentum Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Momentum Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of revenues and expenditures, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2022, on our consideration of Momentum Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Momentum Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Momentum Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Crosky Kausei; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Momentum Academy's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the school's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the school's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

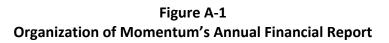
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

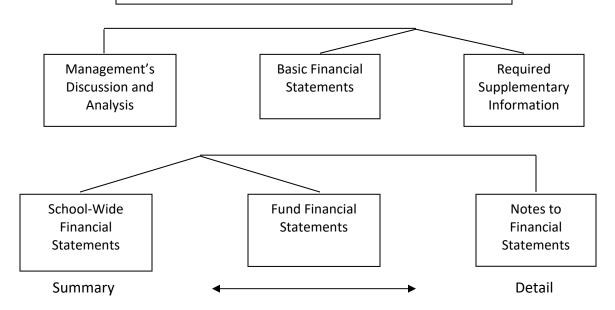
- The total cost of basic programs was \$1,017,808.
- Revenues were at \$3,289,491 while expenditures were \$3,263,292 in the General Fund.
 - Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 227.61, compared to 220.33 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.
- The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$412,909.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the school, reporting the school's operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the school acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. These consist of student activity funds held by the school on behalf of the student group.





The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	School-Wide Statements	Government Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the school administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	*Statement of net position *Statement of activities	*Balance sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or longterm liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the school's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the school's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the school's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- ❖ Governmental activities Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has one kind of fund:

❖ Governmental funds — Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed and amended the annual operating budget several times.

Financial Outlook

The Momentum Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2022/2023 school year.

- ❖ The federal government made available grants of approximately \$674,983 to mitigate additional costs related to the coronavirus during the fiscal year 2021-2022. The budgeted federal grants related to COVID for fiscal year 2022-2023 is approximately \$320,000. These funds will provide the academy the opportunity to further improve the school's facilities, staff and curriculum.
- The increase in the state aid foundation rate will also provide the academy an opportunity to solidly it's standing in the community by maintaining staff, improving education and social programs for students.
- Enrollment is expected to be stable for the 2022-2023 school year. These students will be both on-site and virtual learners with approximately 95% of the students expected to be on-site.

Figure A-3
Momentum Academy's Net Position

	 2022	 2021 *
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,380,877 230,964	\$ 1,028,993 44,144
Total assets and deferred outflows	1,611,841	1,073,137
Other liabilities	1,024,452	593,209
Net position: Restricted Restricted for food services Unrestricted	78,092 96,388 412,909	44,144 49,074 386,710
Total net position	\$ 587,389	\$ 479,928

^{*} The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

Figure A-4
Changes in Momentum Academy's Net Position

Revenues:	2022		2021 *	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-
Federal and state operating grants		1,547,148		896,895
General revenues:				
State aid – unrestricted		1,976,144		1,927,502
Miscellaneous		4,132		11,881
Total revenues		3,527,424		2,836,278
Expenses:				
Instruction		1,455,478		1,149,457
Support services and community services		1,735,538		1,384,483
Interest on long-term debt		7,869		-
Unallocated depreciation / amortization		221,078		15,759
Total expenses		3,419,963		2,549,699
Change in net position	\$	107,461	\$	286,579

^{*} The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2022, the school had invested \$653,771 in capital assets, including computers, equipment, lease assets and software. See Note 5 for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation/amortization.

Figure A-5
Momentum Academy's Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2022		Balance June 30, 2021 3	
Equipment	\$	117,303	\$	117,303
Computers		102,310		102,310
Other		26,260		26,260
Right to use assets		407,898		-
Sub-total		653,771		245,873
Less: accumulated depreciation / amortization		422,807		201,729
Net book value of assets	\$	230,964	\$	44,144

^{*} The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

Long-Term Debt

The Academy has long-term debt as a result of the adoption of GASB 87 for the lease on their building and equipment.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

- Effective use of additional federal and state aid funds.
- Maintaining staffing levels.
- Continuation of positive enrollment trends
- State aid foundation continued grant stabilization

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

The Romine Group 7877 Stead, Utica, MI 48317 (586)731-5300

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Cash and cash equivalents		

Due from other governmental units 1,373,414
Prepaid expenses 6,051

\$

1,412

1,611,841

Total current assets 1,380,877

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization 230,964

Total assets and deferred outflows \$ 1,611,841

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

Current Liabilities

Current Assets

Accounts payable	\$ 624	,589
Unearned revenue	78	,967
Other accrued expenses	168	,024
Long-term debt - current portion	152	,872
Total current liabilities	1,024	,452

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets	78,092
Restricted for food services	96,388
Unrestricted	412,909
Total net position	587,389

Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 •		Charges for Operating		Revenues Notes Continue of the continue of th		enues and nanges in t Position vernment Type ctivities
Functions							
Instruction							
Basic programs	\$ 1,017,808	\$	-	\$	350,721	\$	(667,087)
Added needs	437,670		-		436,796		(874)
Support services							, ,
Pupil support services	103,282		-		64,164		(39,118)
Instructional staff support services	175,842		-		147,554		(28,288)
General administration	314,403		-		_		(314,403)
School administration	198,905		-		11,000		(187,905)
Business support services	78,334		-		59,800		(18,534)
Operations and maintenance	379,393		-		92,236		(287,157)
Pupil transportation services	294,760		-		146,644		(148,116)
Food services	190,619		-		238,233		47,614
Unallocated depreciation / amortization	221,078		-		-		(221,078)
Unallocated interest	 7,869		-		-		(7,869)
Total primary government	\$ 3,419,963	\$	-	\$	1,547,148		(1,872,815)
General Purpose Revenues							
State school aid - unrestricted							1,976,144
Miscellaneous revenues							4,132
Total general purpose revenues							1,980,276
Change in net position							107,461
Net position - July 1, 2021							479,928
Net position - June 30, 2022						\$	587,389

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

			Specia	n-Major Il Revenue -		
		General	Food	d Services		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,412	\$	_	\$	1,412
Due from other governmental units	•	1,373,414	·	-	•	1,373,414
Due from other funds		-		96,388		96,388
Prepaid expenses		6,051			-	6,051
Total assets	\$	1,380,877	\$	96,388	\$	1,477,265
LIABILITII	ES AND FUNI	D BALANCE				
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	624,589	\$	-	\$	624,589
Due to other funds		96,388		-		96,388
Unearned revenue		78,967		-		78,967
Other accrued expenses		168,024		-		168,024
Total liabilities		967,968		-		967,968
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable		6,051		-		6,051
Restricted		-		96,388		96,388
Unassigned		406,858		-		406,858
Total fund balance		412,909		96,388		509,297
Total liabilities and						
fund balance	\$	1,380,877	\$	96,388	\$	1,477,265

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 509,297
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$653,771 and the accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$422,807.	230,964
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (152,872)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 587,389

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Specia	n-Major Il Revenue - d Services		Total
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 4,132	\$	-	\$	4,132
State sources	2,411,226		4,070		2,415,296
Federal sources	827,809		233,863		1,061,672
Interdistrict sources	 46,324			-	46,324
Total governmental fund revenues	3,289,491		237,933		3,527,424
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic program	1,017,808		-		1,017,808
Added needs	437,670		-		437,670
Support services					
Pupil support services	103,282		-		103,282
Instructional staff support services	175,842		-		175,842
General administration	314,403		-		314,403
School administration	198,905		-		198,905
Business support services	78,334		-		78,334
Operations and maintenance	379,393		-		379,393
Pupil transportation services	294,760		-		294,760
Food services	-		190,619		190,619
Debt principal and interest	 262,895				262,895
Total governmental fund expenditures	 3,263,292		190,619		3,453,911
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	26,199		47,314		73,513
Fund balance - July 1, 2021	 386,710		49,074		435,784
Fund balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 412,909	\$	96,388	\$	509,297

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

\$ **Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds** 73.513 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period. Depreciation and amortization expense (221,078)The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follows: 255,026 Repayment of loan principal

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

107,461

\$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Momentum Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Momentum Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, on January 25, 2013, and began operation in July 2013.

In March 2018, the Academy entered into a three-year contract, commencing July 1, 2018 and subsequently extended for two additional years until June 30, 2023, with Lake Superior State University's Board of Trustees to charter a public school academy. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Trustees is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Lake Superior State University's Board of Trustees three percent of State aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2022 were approximately \$65,600.

In March 2018, the Academy entered into an agreement with The Romine Group, Inc., "TRG", to run coterminous with the Contract issued to the Academy by the University Board. Under the terms of this agreement, TRG will provide a variety of services including accounting services, educational planning, payroll, and human resource services. The Academy is obligated to pay TRG eleven percent of all funds received pursuant to the State School Aid Act of 1979 and shall not be less than \$150,000 nor exceed \$300,000 in any one academic year. The total paid for these services amounted to \$232,500 for the year end June 30, 2022.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

Governmental Funds

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through a governmental fund.

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

<u>Special Revenue Fund (Food Services)</u>- The special revenue fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.
- d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held no investments during the year ended June 30, 2022. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2022 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-15 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. *Unassigned fund balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

Leases

At the commencement of a lease, the Academy initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of
 the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably
 certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt general and special revenue fund budgets. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of appropriated amounts against actual results can be found on page 18 of these financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2022, the Academy had no investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. As of June 30, 2022, the Academy had no investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, none of the Academy's cash was not fully covered by federal deposit insurance. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

State sources	\$ 518,421
Federal sources	854,993
Total	\$ 1,373,414

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

	As Restated Balance July 1, 2021		Additions Disposals			Balance June 30, 2022		
Capital assets subject to depreciation / amortization								
Right to use assets	\$	407,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$	407,898
Equipment		117,303		-		-		117,303
Computers		102,310		-		-		102,310
Other		26,260						26,260
Sub-total		653,771		-		-		653,771
Accumulated depreciation / amortization	on							
Right to use assets		-		203,949		-		203,949
Equipment		86,457		12,289		-		98,746
Computers		89,012		4,840		-		93,852
Other		26,260						26,260
Sub-total		201,729		221,078				422,807
Total net capital assets	\$	452,042	\$	(221,078)	\$	-	\$	230,964

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses may be summarized as follows:

Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$ 95,302
Management fee	36,810
University oversight fee	11,978
Other	 23,934
Total other accrued expenses	\$ 168,024

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligations for the Academy during the year ended June 30, 2022:

<u>Loan Information</u>										
	lı	nterest	Ma	turity						
		Rate		ate	Other					
Direct borrowing - building		3.00%	June	e, 2023	Monthly payment fluctuates by student count					count
Direct borrowing - copiers		3.00%	June	e, 2023	Monthly payment of \$447					
Loan Activity	Δς	Restated								
<u> </u>		alance			Ret	irements	В	salance	Du	e Within
	Jul	y 1, 2021	Add	itions	and Payments		and Payments June 30, 2022		One Year	
Direct borrowing - building	\$	397,464	\$	-	\$	249,874	\$	147,590	\$	147,590
Direct borrowing - copiers		10,434		-		5,152		5,282		5,282
Totals	\$	407,898	\$	-	\$	255,026	\$	152,872	\$	152,872

The following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next year:

	P	rincipal	In	terest
2023	\$	152,872	\$	2,495

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees leased by the Academy are eligible to participate in a retirement plan established by The Romine Group which qualifies under the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The employer under this plan will contribute 4% of salaries regardless of the amount of the employee contribution. The employer will additionally match up to 4% of employee contributed funds. Eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their salaries under the terms of this plan.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Academy implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

Summary

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The restatement of the beginning of the year balances had no impact on net position. The changes to capital assets and long-term obligations is as follows:

	 Capital Assets	ng Term lligations
Balances as of July 1, 2021, as previously stated	\$ 44,144	\$ -
Adoption of GASB Statement 87	407,898	407,898
Balances as of July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 452,042	\$ 407,898

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Original	Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues		Budget		Budget		Actual		ariance
Local sources	\$	5,000	\$	4,170	\$	4,132	\$	(38)
State sources	۲	2,454,764	٦	2,480,354	Ą	2,411,226	Ą	(69,128)
Federal sources		1,573,005		1,337,477		827,809		(509,668)
Interdistrict sources		32,000		35,178		46,324		11,146
interdistrict sources		32,000		33,170	-	+0,32+		11,140
Total general fund revenues		4,064,769		3,857,179		3,289,491		(567,688)
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Basic programs		1,423,570		1,129,571		1,017,808		(111,763)
Added needs		473,759		785,739		437,670		(348,069)
Support services								
Pupil support services		-		102,400		103,282		882
Instructional staff support services		12,000		227,146		175,842		(51,304)
General administration		307,107		299,062		314,403		15,341
School administration		186,148		217,236		198,905		(18,331)
Business support services		15,200		128,700		78,334		(50,366)
Operations and maintenance		1,388,481		354,193		379,393		25,200
Pupil transportation services		210,000		312,050		294,760		(17,290)
Community services		-		300		-		(300)
Capital outlay		-		8,000		-		(8,000)
Debt principal and interest		-		266,600		262,895		(3,705)
Total general fund expenditures		4,016,265		3,830,997		3,263,292		(567,705)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		48,504		26,182		26,199		17
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers out		(4,272)		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		44,232		26,182		26,199		17
Fund balance - July 1, 2021		386,710		386,710		386,710		-
Fund balance - June 30, 2022	\$	430,942	\$	412,892	\$	412,909	\$	17

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Local Sources	
Authorizer grant	\$ 3,570
Other local revenues	562_
Total local sources	4,132
State Sources	
At risk	96,590
Great start readiness program	300,518
Special education	37,974
State aid	1,976,144
Total state sources	2,411,226
Federal Sources	
IDEA	43,526
Title I	78,301
Title II A	20,781
Title III	10,218
Other program revenue	674,983
Total federal sources	827,809
Interdistrict Sources	46,324
Total general fund revenues	\$ 3,289,491

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 959,100
Other purchased services	1,357
Supplies and materials	48,792
Other expenditures	 8,559
Total basic programs	1,017,808
Added Needs	
Purchased services	240,769
Supplies and materials	 196,901
Total added needs	437,670
Pupil Support Services	
Health services	10,784
Psychological services	3,400
Speech pathology and audiology	45,450
Social work services	 43,648
Total pupil support services	103,282
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	111,286
Supplies and materials	56,739
Non-depreciable capital assets	 7,817
Total instructional staff support services	175,842
General Administration	
Purchased services	16,132
Management fees	232,500
University oversight	65,551
Other expenditures	 220
Total general administration	314,403

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

School Administration	
Purchased services	181,953
Supplies and materials	8,571
Other expenditures	8,381
Total school administration	198,905
Business Support Services	
Purchased services	72,829
Supplies and materials	5,410
Other expenditures	95
Total business support services	78,334
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	20,874
Repairs and maintenance	267,388
Rentals	26,000
Other purchased services	321
Supplies and materials	64,810
Total operations and maintenance	379,393
Pupil Transportation Services	
Purchased services	294,760
Debt Principal and Interest	262,895
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 3,263,292

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Momentum Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Momentum Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Momentum Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Momentum Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Momentum Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Momentum Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Momentum Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

Momentum Academy's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Momentum Academy's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Momentum Academy's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croshay Kansei; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Momentum Academy

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Momentum Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Momentum Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Momentum Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Momentum Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Momentum Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Momentum Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Momentum Academy's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Momentum Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Momentum Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding Momentum Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Momentum Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Momentum Academy's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croskay Kansi; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2022	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Clusters:									,	
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities):										
National School Lunch Program Commodities 2021-2022	N/A	10.555	\$ 13,465	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,561	\$ 2,561	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Assistance:										
National School Lunch Program 2020-2021	211960	10.555	52,607	52,607	5,271	-	5,271	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Seamless Summer Option (SSO) - Lunch 2021-2022	211961/221961	10.555	135,715	-	-	-	135,715	135,715	-	-
COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 2021	211965	10.555	29,607	-	-	-	29,607	29,607	-	-
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2022	220910	10.555	9,360				9,360	3,540	(5,820)	
Total Cash and Noncash Assistance		10.555	240,754	52,607	5,271	-	182,514	171,423	(5,820)	-
National School Breakfast Program 2020-2021	211970	10.553	31,434	31,434	3,008	-	3,008	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Seamless Summer Option (SSO) - Breakfast 2021-2022	211971/221971	10.553	61,826				61,826	61,826		
Total National School Breakfast Program		10.553	93,260	31,434	3,008		64,834	61,826		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			334,014	84,041	8,279	-	247,348	233,249	(5,820)	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Education - Passed through the Oakland Schools ISD: IDEA Special Education – Formula Grants to ISDs: IDEA Flowthrough 2122	220450	84.027A	43,525	_	_	_	_	43,525	43,525	_
DDTTOWTHOUGH ZIZZ	220430	04.027A	43,323					43,323	43,323	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Grant/		Approved	(Memo Only)	Accrued (Deferred)	Adjustments	Federal Funds/ Payments		Accrued (Deferred)	Current Year Cash
Program Title/Project	Project	Federal	Approved	Prior Year	Revenue at	and	In-kind		Revenue at	Transferred To
Number Subrecipient Name	Number	ALN	Amount	Expenditures	July 1, 2021	Transfers	Received	Expenditures	June 30, 2022	Subrecipient
Other Federal Awards:	Number	ALIV	Amount	Experiarcares	July 1, 2021	Hansiers	Neceivea	Expenditures	Julie 30, 2022	Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs:										
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 2021	210980	10.649	614	-	-	-	614	614	-	-
U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed Through the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I, Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAS:										
Title I Part A 2021	211530	84.010A	102,396	102,396	102,396	-	102,396	-	-	-
Title Part A 2122	221530	84.010A	140,782					78,301	78,301	
Total Title I Part A		84.010A	243,178	102,396	102,396	-	102,396	78,301	78,301	-
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 2021	210520	84.367	17,075	1,200	1,200	-	1,200	-	-	-
Title II Part A 2122	220520	84.367	32,630					20,781	20,781	
Total Title II Part A		84.367	49,705	1,200	1,200	-	1,200	20,781	20,781	=
Education Stabilization Fund:										
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) 2021	201200	84.425C	23,040	19,980	19,980	-	22,875	2,895	-	-
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) 1920	203710	84.425D	58,245	49,826	49,826	-	58,245	8,419	-	-
COVID-19 - Supplemental Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) 2021	213712	84.425D	426,912	-	-	-	-	418,609	418,609	-
COVID-19 - ESSER III Formula – American Rescue Plan (ARP-ESSER) 2122	213713	84.425U	639,188	-	-	-	-	242,273	242,273	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II Discretionary – Benchmark Assessments 2022	213762	84.425D	2,788				2,788	2,788		
Total Education Stabilization Fund		84.425	1,150,173	69,806	69,806	-	83,908	674,984	660,882	-
Passed Through the Oakland Schools ISD:										
Title III, Part A: English Language Acquisition:										
Title III Part A 2021	210580	84.365	5,474	5,474	5,474	-	5,474	-	-	-
Title III Part A 2122	220580	84.365	10,218					10,218	10,218	
Total Title III Part A		84.365	15,692	5,474	5,474	-	5,474	10,218	10,218	
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,836,901	\$ 262,917	\$ 187,155	\$ -	\$ 440,940	\$ 1,061,672	\$ 807,887	\$ -
Total I Cacial Awards			Ţ 1,030,301	Ţ 202,317	Ţ 107,133	-	Ç 440,540	Ç 1,001,072	Ç 007,007	Ť

RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL REVENUE AND RECEIVABLES WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund Special Revenue Fund - Food Services	\$ 827,809 233,863
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 1,061,672
Receivables	
Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements	\$ 854,993
Supply Chain Assistance Grant deferred revenue per SEFA Timing difference between MDE payment and Academy receipt	 (5,820) (41,286)
Subtotal	 (47,106)
Federal receivables per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 807,887

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Momentum Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Momentum Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Momentum Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Momentum Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:		<u>Unmoc</u>	<u>lified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> _no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_X_yes	no
Federal Awards			
nternal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<u>X</u> _no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ms:	<u>Unmod</u>	<u>lified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<u>X_</u> no
dentification of major programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425	Name of Federal Pro Education Stabilizati		<u>ter</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200.	518(b):	\$750,0	00
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		ves	X no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

${\bf SECTION} \ {\bf II-FINANCIAL} \ {\bf STATEMENT} \ {\bf FINDINGS}$

Reference

Number Findings

2022-001

Repeat Finding – No

Finding Type – Material noncompliance with laws and regulations.

Criteria — In accordance with 7 CFR 210.19(a)(2), the Academy's Nonprofit School Food Service Account's (NSFSA) fund balance, or net cash resources, must not exceed three months' average expenditures.

Condition – The Academy's NSFSA's fund balance exceeded the allowable three months' average expenditures balance at June 30, 2022. The Academy had approximately 4.55 months of expenditures as fund balance at June 30, 2022. The Academy will be required to submit a Plan of Action and obtain Michigan Department of Education's (MDE) prior approval to improve the food quality or take other action designed to improve the program in accordance with 7 CFR 210.19(a)(2).

Questioned Costs - None

Cause - Unknown

Effect – The Academy is not in compliance with U.S. Department of Agriculture regulations.

Recommendation – The Academy should submit a Plan of Action and obtain Michigan Department of Education's (MDE) prior approval to improve the food quality or take other action designed to improve the program in accordance with 7 CFR 210.19(a)(2).

Auditee Response – The Academy agrees with the finding is working to develop a spend-down plan with the MDE and enhance its internal controls so further noncompliance is prevented.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS None

Momentum Academy Corrective Action Plan

Findings and Recommendations	Corrective Action Plan	Responsible Department	Responsible Person	Planned Completion Date (TBD or Date)
Finding Type: Noncompliance with Laws and Regulations. Condition: The Academy's NSFSA's fund balance exceeded the allowable three months' average expenditures at June 30, 2022. The Academy had approximately 6.07 months of expenditures as fund balance at June 30, 2022.	The Academy is aware of the finding and is implementing procedures in order to prevent further noncompliance in the future. The Academy will be creating and implementing a spend down plan once approval of the plan is received by Michigan Department of Education.	Business department and Food Service department.	Tammy Visger (Director of Food Service).	Spend-down plan to be implemented and expected completion prior to June 30, 2023.
Recommendation: The Academy should submit a spend down plan and obtain Michigan Department of Education's prior approval to improve the food quality or take other action to improve the program in accordance with 7 CFR 210.19(a)(2).				